

Section A

Question 1 (20 marks)

(14 marks) A bridge is required to span continuously over four supports. The spans are 10 m, 30 m and 10 m with flexural rigidity of EI , $2EI$ and $1.5EI$ respectively (see Figure 1). The bridge consists of two plate girders each weighing 4 kN/m and a deck weighing 10 kN/m. The design live load is 30 kN/m. Calculate the bending moments induced, highlighting the values at supports and at the centre of the spans, when the live load occupies only the right-hand and central spans. The partial safety factors to be applied are 1.6 for live load and 1.4 for dead load on all spans.

(6 marks) Calculate the four vertical reactions in the structure.

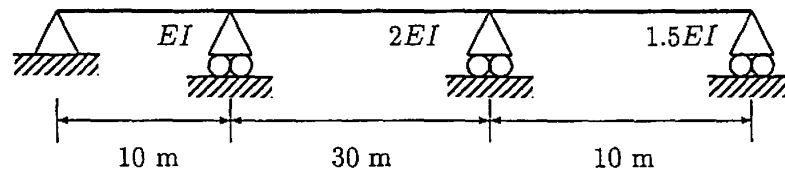


Figure 1: Continuous three-span bridge (not to scale)

Question 2 (20 marks)

(12 marks) A two-axle vehicle is to be considered in the design of a two-span continuous bridge. The spans are made of beams with the same sectional properties. The vehicle might be placed at any position on the bridge. Estimate the worst mid-span sagging moments for the vehicle given the data below. You need apply no load factors. Appropriate influence lines are provided on page 3.

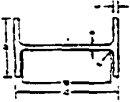
Axle loads: 80 kN

Axle spacing: 6 m

Spans: 40 m and 20 m

(8 marks) Identify and carefully describe the purpose of the main structural elements of a typical plate girder to ensure its safe performance under ULS conditions.

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Designation	Mass per metre kg/m	Depth of Section h mm	Width of Section b mm	Thickness of Web t _w mm	Thickness of Flange t _f mm	Root Radius r mm	Depth between Flanges d mm	Flange for Local Buckling		Second Moment of Area	
								Flange b _f /t _f	Web d/t _w	Axis x-x cm ⁴	Axis y-y cm ⁴
406 x 176 x 74	74.2	412.8	175.5	9.5	16.0	10.2	360.4	5.61	37.9	27310	1545
406 x 176 x 67	67.1	409.4	178.8	8.8	14.3	10.2	360.4	6.25	41.0	24330	1355
406 x 176 x 60	60.1	406.4	177.9	7.9	12.0	10.2	360.4	6.95	45.6	21600	1203
406 x 176 x 54	54.1	402.6	177.7	7.7	10.9	10.2	360.4	8.15	48.8	18120	1021
406 x 140 x 46	46.0	403.2	143.2	6.8	11.2	10.2	360.4	6.35	53.0	15360	538
406 x 140 x 39	39.0	383.0	141.8	6.4	8.6	10.2	360.4	8.24	58.3	12510	410
356 x 171 x 67	67.1	363.4	173.2	9.1	15.7	10.2	311.6	5.52	34.2	19460	1362
356 x 171 x 57	57.0	358.0	172.2	8.1	13.0	10.2	311.6	6.62	38.5	16040	1103
356 x 171 x 51	51.0	355.0	171.5	7.4	11.5	10.2	311.6	7.48	43.1	14140	968
356 x 171 x 45	45.0	351.4	171.1	7.0	9.7	10.2	311.6	8.82	44.5	12070	811
356 x 137 x 39	39.1	353.4	136.0	6.0	10.7	10.2	311.6	6.88	47.2	10170	358
356 x 137 x 33	33.1	349.0	125.4	6.0	8.5	10.2	311.6	7.36	51.9	8249	288
305 x 165 x 54	54.0	310.4	166.9	7.9	13.7	8.9	265.2	6.09	33.6	17700	1063
305 x 165 x 46	46.1	306.6	163.7	6.7	11.8	8.9	265.2	7.02	39.6	16058	896
305 x 165 x 40	40.3	303.4	165.0	6.0	10.2	8.9	265.2	8.00	44.2	14503	764
305 x 137 x 48	48.1	311.0	125.3	9.0	14.0	8.9	265.2	4.47	29.5	15975	481
305 x 137 x 42	42.0	307.2	124.3	8.0	12.1	8.9	265.2	5.14	33.2	14106	389
305 x 137 x 37	37.0	304.4	123.3	7.1	10.7	8.9	265.2	5.77	37.1	12711	338
305 x 102 x 33	33.9	312.7	102.4	6.0	10.8	7.6	275.9	4.74	41.8	16501	104
305 x 102 x 28	28.8	307.7	101.8	5.6	9.0	7.6	275.9	5.78	48.0	15366	155
305 x 102 x 25	24.8	305.1	101.8	5.0	7.0	7.6	275.9	7.26	47.6	14455	121
254 x 146 x 43	43.0	259.6	147.3	7.2	12.7	7.6	219.0	5.60	30.4	16544	677
254 x 146 x 37	37.0	256.0	146.4	6.3	10.9	7.6	219.0	6.72	34.8	15537	571
254 x 146 x 31	31.1	251.4	146.1	6.0	8.6	7.6	219.0	8.49	38.5	14113	448
254 x 102 x 28	28.3	260.4	102.2	6.3	10.0	7.6	225.2	5.11	35.7	14005	170
254 x 102 x 25	25.2	257.2	101.9	6.0	8.4	7.6	225.2	6.07	37.5	13115	148
254 x 102 x 22	22.0	254.0	101.8	5.7	6.8	7.6	225.2	7.47	39.5	12841	119
203 x 133 x 30	30.0	206.8	133.2	6.4	9.6	7.6	172.4	6.97	26.9	2696	305
203 x 133 x 25	25.1	203.2	133.2	5.7	7.6	7.6	172.4	8.54	30.2	2340	309
203 x 102 x 23	23.1	203.2	101.5	5.4	9.3	7.6	168.4	5.47	31.4	2105	164
176 x 102 x 19	19.0	177.8	101.2	4.8	7.9	7.6	148.8	6.41	30.6	1356	137
152 x 89 x 16	16.0	162.4	88.7	4.5	7.7	7.6	121.6	5.76	27.1	834	89.8
137 x 76 x 13	13.0	127.0	76.0	4.0	7.6	7.6	98.6	5.00	24.1	473	55.7

Table 2: Section table for Question 3.

Section B

Question 4 (20 marks)

- (a) (6 marks) Explain the significance of the Bernoulli hypothesis that plane sections remain plane in the context of reinforced concrete beams.
- (b) For the beam section in Figure 3,
- (6 marks) determine the flexural rigidity for SLS purposes and
 - (8 marks) determine the ratio of moment and curvature at ULS corresponding to a flexural collapse, exclude material partial safety factors in this question.

Assume the following data: $E_c = 30\text{kN/mm}^2$; $f_{ck} = 40\text{N/mm}^2$; $E_s = 200\text{kN/mm}^2$; $f_{yk} = 460\text{N/mm}^2$.

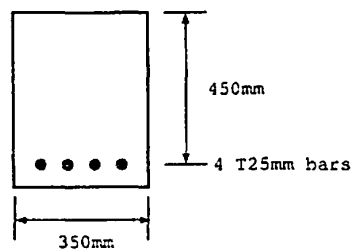


Figure 3: Cross-section for Question 4. Not to scale.

Table A.1 Sectional areas of groups of bars (mm²)

Bar size (mm)	Number of bars									
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
6	28.3	56.6	84.9	113	142	170	198	226	255	283
8	50.3	101	151	201	252	302	352	402	453	503
10	78.5	157	236	314	393	471	550	628	707	785
12	113	226	339	452	566	679	792	905	1020	1130
16	201	402	603	804	1010	1210	1410	1610	1810	2010
20	314	628	943	1260	1570	1890	2200	2510	2830	3140
25	491	982	1470	1960	2450	2950	3440	3930	4420	4910
32	804	1610	2410	3220	4020	4830	5630	6450	7240	8040
40	1260	2510	3770	5030	6280	7540	8800	10100	11300	12600

Table 3: Table of bar areas